



## Language

Alport, Baron Charles Ja, [The Sudden Assignment \[1\]](#), London, Hodder and Stoughton, 1965, pp. 255

Alport was appointed High Commissioner to the Federation from 1961-63, and gives an official British perspective on these contentious years.

Baker, Colin, [State of Emergency: Crisis in Central Africa, Nyasaland, 1959-1960 \[2\]](#), London, Tauris Academic Studies, 1997, pp. 299

Brock, Guy Clutton, [Dawn in Nyasaland: The Test Case in Africa \[3\]](#), London, Hodder and Stoughton, 1959, pp. 192

Clutton Brock, a member of the African National Congress, worked with a village cooperative in Southern Rhodesia. Puts the political and economic case against the Federation, justifying strikes and 'disorderly conduct' in Nyasaland, because 20 years of constitutional tactics had been unsuccessful. Chronology of political events in Nyasaland from 1859 (coming of Livingstone) to proposed conference on constitution of Federation in 1960.

Dulani, Boniface, [Democracy Movements as Bulwarks against Presidential Usurpation of Power: Lessons from the Third-Term Bids in Malawi, Namibia, Uganda and Zambia \[4\]](#), Stichproben, no. 20, 2011, pp. 115-139

Englund, Harri, [Democracy of Chameleons: Politics and Culture in the New Malawi \[5\]](#), Uppsala, Nordic Africa Institute, 2002, pp. 208 pb

This book explores how far the ending of one-man rule in 1994 had achieved wider economic, social and cultural changes and explores the continuing problems such as political intolerance and hate speech. The contributors, mostly from Malawi, criticize both 'chameleon' political leaders and aid donors for supporting superficial democratization.

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Gros, Jean-Germain, [Democratization in Late Twentieth Century Africa: Coping with Uncertainty](#) [9], ed. Gros, Jean-Germain [10], Westport CT and London, Greenwood Press, 1998, pp. 162

Contributors to this book include democracy activists as well as scholars, who look critically at the process of democratization in: Malawi, Cameroon, Nigeria, Ethiopia, Tanzania, Ghana and Gabon. The focus is not on institutions but on leadership, and also on the role of the military and churches in the reform process.

Mchombo, Sam, [Democratization in Malawi: Its roots and prospects](#) [11], In Gros, [Democratization in Late Twentieth Century Africa: Coping with Uncertainty](#) [9] (E. I.2.1.i. General Overviews [12]), Westport CT and London, Greenwood Press, pp. 21-40

Nowack, Daniel, [Process Tracing the Term Limit Struggle in Malawi: The Role of International Democracy Promotion in Muluzi's Bid for a Third Term](#) [13], Africa Spectrum, Vol. 55, no. 3, 2021, pp. 291-300

Nowack examines the struggle between 1999 and 2003 to prevent the President serving a third term contrary to the constitution. Drawing on newspaper reports and interviews he argues that a decline in party support and a strong civil society were key, conditions imposed by aid donors and international democracy promotion influenced both these internal factors.

Rotberg, Robert I., [The Rise of Nationalism in Central Africa: The Making of Malawi and Zambia: 1873-1964](#) [14], Cambridge MA, Harvard University Press, 1967, pp. 360

Chapter 8 'Discovering their voice: the formation of national political movements' (pp. 179-213) goes up to 1948; chapter 10 'The Federal dream and African reality' (pp. 253-302) charts growing resistance from 1953; and chapter 11 traces 'The triumph of nationalism' (pp. 303-16). Gives some detail on protests and indexes 'non-violent resistance'. Includes detailed bibliography.

Short, Philip, [Banda](#) [15], London, Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1974, pp. 357

Biography of Hastings Banda, a central figure in Malawi's independence struggle who later became his country's increasingly autocratic president. Banda's role in the struggle against the Federation is covered pp. 55-172.

van Donge, Jan Kees, [Kamuzu's Legacy: The democratization of Malawi](#) [16], African Affairs, Vol. 94, no. 375, 1995, pp. 227-257

Wood, J.R.T., [The Welensky Papers: A History of the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland](#) [17], Durban, Graham Publishing, 1983, pp. 1329

Account based on Welensky's perspective, stressing top level negotiations and relations with successive British colonial secretaries.

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[3] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/1959/dawn-nyasaland-test-case-africa>



- [4] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2011/democracy-movements-bulwarks-against-presidential-usurpation-power-lessons-third>
- [5] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2002/democracy-chameleons-politics-and-culture-new-malawi-1>
- [6] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2002/democracy-chameleons-politics-and-culture-new-malawi-2>
- [7] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2002/democracy-chameleons-politics-and-culture-new-malawi>
- [8] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2002/democracy-chameleons-politics-and-culture-new-malawi-0>
- [9] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/1998/democratization-late-twentieth-century-africa-coping-uncertainty>
- [10] <https://civilresistance.info/author/649>
- [11] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/1998/democratization-malawi-its-roots-and-prospects>
- [12] <https://civilresistance.info/section/e-resisting-oppressive-dictatorial-military-or-authoritarian-rule/e-i-africa-sub-saharan/e-6>
- [13] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/2021/process-tracing-term-limit-struggle-malawi-role-international-democracy-promotion>
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- [16] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/1995/kamuzus-legacy-democratization-malawi>
- [17] <https://civilresistance.info/biblio-item/1983/welensky-papers-history-federation-rhodesia-and-nyasaland>